Understanding Reimbursement Issues in Georgia

A Guide for Health Care Providers and Practice Administration

Example EYLEA® (aflibercept) Injection Claim Issues and Applicable State Provisions

Prior Authorization	Prompt Payment	Request for Additional Information	Filing Deadlines	Provider Appeals
Issue: Plan delays prior authorization. Example scenario: Patient is diagnosed and meets medical necessity criteria for EYLEA injections. Provider submits a request for prior authorization. Plan has not made a decision. Georgia Insurance Code Section 33-46-26 states Effective January 1, 2023, insurer shall determine prior authorization or adverse determination within 7 calendar days of obtaining all necessary information.	pending medical necessity determination. Example scenario: Patient is diagnosed and meets medical necessity criteria for EYLEA injections. Provider submits a claim for EYLEA reimbursement, but 31 days later, claim is still pending medical necessity determination. Georgia Insurance Code Section	Issue: Subsequent request for additional information. Example scenario: Provider submits a claim for EYLEA reimbursement, but 31 days later, Plan indicates payment of claim is pending receipt of additional information.	Issue: Claim is past the filing deadline. Example scenario: Provider timely submits an EYLEA claim. Plan denies the claim for being past the filing deadline.	Issue: Provider appeals. Example scenario: Provider wants to challenge Plan's denial or reduction of an EYLEA claim.
Georgia Insurance Code Section 33-46-27 states			Georgia Insurance Code Section 33-29-3 states	Georgia Administrative Code Rule 120-2-5805 states
For all urgent care, insurer shall determine prior authorization or adverse determination within 72 hours of obtaining all necessary information. Georgia Insurance Code Section 33-46-29 states		Georgia Insurance Code Section 33-24-59.5 states	Written proof of loss must be furnished to the insurer within 90 days after the date of such loss. Failure to furnish such proof within the time required will not invalidate nor reduce any claim if it was not reasonably possible to give proof within such time, provided such proof is furnished as soon as reasonably possible and in no event, except in the absence of legal capacity, later than 1 year from the time proof is otherwise required. NOTE: This provision sets forth minimum contractual standards. Provider should check contract for specific requirements.	Internal review: The private review agent will: • Establish procedures for appeals to be made in writing and by phone • Notify provider and enrollee in writing of its determination on the appeal no later than 60
A violation shall result in automatic authorization.	Plan must pay an electronic claim within 15 working days and a paper claim within 30 calendar days or send notice (by letter or electronically) stating the reasons why Plan has not paid the claim, in whole or in part. Failure to comply with these requirements will subject Plan to interest at 12% per annum.	Plan must send a written itemization of any documents or other information needed to process the claim (or any portions thereof that are not being paid) within 15 working days for an electronic claim and within 30 calendar days for a paper claim. After receiving all requested additional information, Plan must process and pay the claim or send notice denying the claim, in whole or in part, within 15 working days for an electronic claim and within 30 calendar days for a paper claim. Notice of denial must state the reasons for the denial.		
Georgia Administrative Code Rule 120-2-5805 states The attending health care provider shall have the opportunity to discuss a utilization review determination promptly by telephone with an identified health care provider representing the private review agent and trained in a related medical specialty. If the determination is made not to certify, an adverse determination exists.				
Georgia Insurance Code Section 33-46-23.1 states				
If a health care provider receives a prior authorization for a medication prescribed to a covered person with a chronic condition that requires ongoing medication therapy, and the provider continues to prescribe the medication, and the medication is used for a condition that is within the scope of use approved by the US Food and Drug Administration or has been proven to be a safe and effective form of treatment for the patient's specific underlying condition based on clinical practice guidelines that are developed from peer-reviewed publications, the prior authorization received shall: 1. Be valid for the lesser of: A. One year from the date the health care provider receives the prior authorization; or B. Until the last day of coverage under the covered person's health care plan; and 2. Cover any change in dosage prescribed by the health care provider during the period of authorization.				Title 45 Code of Federal Regulations Section 147.136 states
	Georgia Insurance Code Section 33-46-23 states			External review: Request must
	If initial health care services are performed within 45 days of approval of prior authorization, the insurer shall not revoke, limit, condition, or restrict such authorization unless there is a billing error, fraud, material misrepresentation, or loss of			be filed within 120 days of notice of adverse determination. The independent review organization must make its determination and provide written notice of the decision within 45 days after receiving the request. Plan must

Complaints regarding these and other payer issues can be made to the Georgia Office of Insurance and Safety Fire Commissioner website.



authorization

Visit NavigatingPayerChallenges.com for state-specific and federal legislation or contact your Reimbursement Business Manager (RBM) for more information



This material is provided for informational purposes only, is subject to change, and should not be construed as legal or medical advice. Use of this information to challenge or appeal a coverage or reimbursement delay and/or denial by a payer is the responsibility of the provider.

Reference: Data on file. Regeneron Pharmaceuticals, Inc.



This information is provided to you

pay for the cost of the review.